### INDIANA DEPARTMENT

of

### WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

Mitchell E. Daniels, Jr., Governor

**Andrew J. Penca, Commissioner** 

**Strategic Research & Development** 

**Current Employment Statistics** 

#### HOPE CLARK, DIRECTOR RESEARCH & ANALYSIS

**Current Employment Statistics Staff** 

**Dennis Ferree-Team Leader** 

Colleen MacPherson Sue Prodan Deborah L. Summers

WEB SITE FOR Strategic Research & Development http://www.hoosierdata.in.gov

Preparation of Publication Deborah Summers

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#### **How Your Data Are Used**

To all of those who participate in our survey, Thank You! The data you provide are combined with those of many other respondents to produce monthly estimates of the number of persons employed in each industry, their average earnings, and the weekly hours for which they are paid. Many economic decisions are based on our estimates of employment, hours, and earnings. Your timely participation assures the accuracy of these important data.

#### DATA USES:

#### ☑ By business to:

- compare their current employment and payroll trends with the industry as a whole
- plan and respond to changes in the business cycle
- guide decisions on plant locations, sales, and purchases
- negotiate labor contracts based on industry hourly earning and weekly hours

#### ☑ By policymakers, such as:

- Council of Economic Advisors, to assess the current state of the economy and recommend actions
- Federal Reserve Board, to guide decision affecting interest rates and money supply
- Joint Economic Committee of Congress, to determine the impact of legislative initiatives
- state and local government officials, to monitor their industry trends and compare them with the rest of the country

#### ✓ Also a major component of other economic indicators, such as:

- Gross National Product (GNP)
- Productivity Indexes
- Composite Index of Leading Economic Indicators

**Remember,** your individual firm responses are kept strictly confidential and are used only for statistical purposes.

If you are interested in participating or need more information about Current Employment Statistics publications and news releases, contact the Department of Workforce Development/Research and Analysis – Current Employment Statistics (CES) at 317-232-7715.

## **Seasonally Adjusted Employment Tables For Indiana**

November, 2006

## SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT TABLES FOR INDIANA INDIANA STATEWIDE SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES -- NOVEMBER 2006

		INI	DIANA STA	ATEWIDE SE	ASONALLY	ADJUSTED	ESTIMATE	S NOVEN	/IBER 2006	i			
Supersector/Aggregat.	prev mo rev	curr.mo	year ago	month chg	year chg	month %	year %				(ei	mployment expre	essed in 1000s)
Total Nonfarm	2,987.9	2,988.3	2,975.5	0.4	12.8	0.0%	0.4%						
Total Private	2,558.0	2,558.9	2,546.0	0.9	12.9	0.0%	0.5%						
Goods Producing	729.2	727.6	729.1	-1.6	-1.5	-0.2%	-0.2%						
Service-Providing	2,258.7	2,260.7	2,246.4	2.0	14.3	0.1%	0.6%						
Natural Res. & Mining	6.9	6.9	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0%	0.0%						
Construction	152.5	152.7	150.6	0.2	2.1	0.1%	1.4%						
Manufacturing	569.8	568.0	571.6	-1.8	-3.6	-0.3%	-0.6%						
Trade, Transp, & Utilities	589.6	592.3	587.6	2.7	4.7	0.5%	0.8%						
Information	41.1	41.1	40.6	0.0	0.5	0.0%	1.2%						
Financial Activities	142.0	141.8	139.6	-0.2	2.2	-0.1%	1.6%						
Profess. & Business Serv	278.2	279.0	276.6	0.8	2.4	0.3%	0.9%						
Educ. & Health Services	383.0	383.0	381.0	0.0	2.0	0.0%	0.5%						
Leisure & Hospitality	282.3	281.8	280.5	-0.5	1.3	-0.2%	0.5%						
Other Services	112.6	112.3	111.0	-0.3	1.3	-0.3%	1.2%						
Government	429.9	429.4	429.5	-0.5	-0.1	-0.1%	0.0%						
	20	006 SEASONALI	Y ADJUSTED	EMPLOYMENT								_	
Supersector/Aggregat.	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ост	NOV	DEC	Running AVG
Total Nonfarm	2,960.1	2,963.7	2,969.4	2,973.0	2,974.1	2,976.6	2,979.5	2,981.8	2,981.3	2,987.9	2,988.3		2,976.0
Total Private	2,535.3	2,535.9	2,541.5	2,545.3	2,547.6	2,551.1	2,555.4	2,553.1	2,553.9	2,558.0	2,558.9		2,548.7
Goods Producing	730.0	728.8	728.3	730.1	729.5	730.9	731.4	729.6	729.3	729.2	727.6		729.5
Service-Providing	2,230.1	2,234.9	2,241.1	2,242.9	2,244.6	2,245.7	2,248.1	2,252.2	2,252.0	2,258.7	2,260.7		2,246.5
Natural Res. & Mining	6.7	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	7.0	6.9	6.9		6.9
Construction	150.0	150.4	149.2	151.2	151.1	151.1	151.5	151.2	151.8	152.5	152.7		151.2
Manufacturing	573.3	571.5	572.2	571.9	571.4	572.8	572.9	571.5	570.5	569.8	568.0		571.4
Trade, Trans, & Utilities	581.1	580.4	582.4	584.4	584.8	585.0	587.1	588.1	588.9	589.6	592.3		585.8
Information	40.6	40.7	40.7	40.8	41.1	40.9	41.0	41.0	40.9	41.1	41.1		40.9
Financial Activities	139.3	139.9	140.0	139.9	141.4	141.5	141.5	141.5	142.1	142.0	141.8		141.0
Profess. & Business Serv	273.5	274.4	274.7	274.7	275.2	275.8	275.9	276.3	277.3	278.2	279.0		275.9
Educ. & Health Services	381.0 279.2	381.0 279.9	382.2	382.7	382.2	381.9	383.5	382.8 282.5	381.3 282.2	383.0	383.0		382.2 281.9
Leisure & Hospitality Other Services	110.6	110.8	281.3 111.9	281.9 110.8	282.3 111.1	283.8 111.3	283.5 111.5	282.5 111.3	282.2 111.9	282.3 112.6	281.8 112.3		261.9 111.5
Government	424.8	427.8	427.9	427.7	426.5	425.5	424.1	428.7	427.4	429.9	429.4		427.2
Government	424.0	421.0	427.9	427.7	420.5	420.0	424.1	420.7	421.4	429.9	429.4		421.2
	2005 \$	SEASONALLY A	DJUSTED EMP	PLOYMENT (revise	ed)								
													2 MONTH
Supersector/Aggregat.	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	DEC	AVG
Total Nonfarm	2,941.1	2,949.0	2,948.4	2,953.5	2,948.5	2,950.1	2,952.5	2,952.5	2,966.8	2,976.3	2,975.5	2,975.9	2,957.0
Total Private	2,513.3	2,521.1	2,522.3	2,526.6	2,522.8	2,526.4	2,528.2	2,529.2	2,535.2	2,546.9	2,546.0	2,547.0	2,530.0
Goods Producing	727.2	726.9	726.8	728.5	725.2	724.7	723.4	723.5	724.8	728.7	729.1	728.3	726.3
Service-Providing	2,213.9	2,222.1	2,221.6	2,225.0	2,223.3	2,225.4	2,229.1	2,229.0	2,242.0	2,247.6	2,246.4	2,247.6	2,230.7
Natural Res. & Mining	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0	6.9	7.0	6.9
Construction	147.3	147.5	147.5	149.4	146.7	147.4	147.2	147.6	148.5	150.2	150.6	150.1	148.3
Manufacturing	572.8	572.4	572.3	572.2	571.6	570.4	569.3	569.0	569.4	571.5	571.6	571.2	571.1
Trade, Trans, & Utilities	578.4	581.3	581.7	582.7	583.5	582.9	584.7	584.5	586.1	587.9	587.6	589.5	584.2
Information	40.4	40.6	40.3	40.5	40.4	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.1	40.5	40.6	40.7	40.4
Financial Activities	138.9	138.9	138.6	138.8	138.4	138.4	138.6	138.8	139.1	139.7	139.6	140.0	138.9
Profess. & Business Serv	270.6	272.5	272.3	272.7	272.6	273.1	274.1	275.2	276.9	278.0	276.6	275.2	274.1
Educ. & Health Services	371.4	373.2	374.0	375.0	374.5	378.2	378.0	377.9	379.8	381.8	381.0	381.1	377.1
Leisure and Hospitality	275.2	276.5	277.2	277.2	277.1	278.1	278.5	278.4	277.8	279.1	280.5	281.0	278.0

110.7

423.7

110.6

424.3

110.6

423.3

110.6

431.6

111.2

429.4

111.0

429.5

111.2

428.9

111.0

427.0

111.1

425.7

Other Services

Government

111.2

427.8

111.2

427.9

111.4

426.1

111.2

426.9

### **Sector to NAICS Supersector Aggregation**

#### **GOODS-PRODUCING**

Natural Resources and Mining

Sector 1133 (Logging -- actually an industry, rather than a sector) Sector 21 (Mining)

Construction

Sector 23 (Construction)

Manufacturing

Sector 31-33 (Manufacturing)

#### SERVICE-PROVIDING

Trade, Transportation, and Utilities

Sector 42 (Wholesale trade)

Sector 44-45 (Retail trade)

Sector 48-49 (Transportation and warehousing)

Sector 22 (Utilities)

Information

Sector 51 (Information)

**Financial Activities** 

Sector 52 (Finance and insurance)

Sector 53 (Real estate and rental and leasing)

Professional and Business Services

Sector 54 (Professional, science, and technical services)

Sector 55 (Management of companies and enterprises)

Sector 56 (Administrative and waste services)

**Education and Health Services** 

Sector 61 (Education services)

Sector 62 (Health care and social assistance)

Leisure and Hospitality

Sector 71 (Arts, entertainment, and recreation)

Sector 72 (Accommodation and food services)

Other services

Sector 81 (Other services, except public administration)

Government

Sector 92 (Public administration)

### **Indiana Statewide Narrative Analysis**

November 2006

TOTAL NON-FARM +400 (+0.0%) OTM; +12,800 (+0.4%) OTY 2,988,300

Seasonally adjusted employment was little changed as a gain of 2,700 jobs in **Trade**, **Transportation & Utilities** was largely offset by a loss of 1,800 jobs in **Manufacturing**. Layoffs in **Leisure & Hospitality** tracked recent trend, while the **Government** supersector shed slightly more jobs than normal for November. Conversely, layoffs in the **Construction** industry were lighter than usual for the month.

Employment is higher by 12,800 jobs (+0.4%) when compared to one year ago. Among the supersectors only **Manufacturing** posted a significant decline. National employment grew by 132,000 jobs over the month with most **Service-Providing** sectors of the economy showing strength. Over the year, 1.8 million jobs (+1.3%) have been added nationwide.

#### NATURAL RESOURCES & MINING +0 (+0.0%) OTM; +0 (+0.0%) OTY

6,900

**Natural Resource & Mining** employment was unchanged over the month as well as over the year. National employment in the sector grew by 4,000 jobs over the month on the strength of hiring in support activities for mining.

CONSTRUCTION +200 (+0.1%) OTM; +2,100 (+1.4%) OTY

152,700

Seasonally adjusted **Construction** employment grew for the third consecutive month, adding 200 jobs over the month and 1,500 since August. Warm late fall weather most likely contributed to fewer layoffs than normal. This is especially apparent in **Specialty Trade Contractors** where employment fell by just 1,600 jobs (before adjustment) over the 3-month period in comparison to a 10-year average decline of 3,300. Employment is higher by 2,100 jobs (+1.4%) when compared to one year ago with all three components adding jobs. National employment decreased by 29,000 over the month but is higher by 49,000 (+0.7%) when compared to November 2005.

#### MANUFACTURING -1,800 (-0.3%) OTM; -3,600 (-0.6%) OTY

568,000

Considerable losses in **Fabricated Metals** as well as the **Motor Vehicle Body & Trailer** industry were central to a decline of 1,800 in factory employment. Of the major components, only **Machinery Manufacturing** posted a significant gain. The remaining sectors declined slightly or were little changed.

Over the year factory employment is lower by 3,600 jobs with modest gains in **Machinery** and **Non-Durable Goods** being offset by losses in **Primary Metals, Electrical Equipment** and **Motor Vehicle Parts**. National factory employment fell by 15,000 (-0.1%) jobs over the month and is lower by 50,000 (-0.4%) when compared to last year. **Motor Vehicle Parts** declined substantially at the national level as did **Wood Products, Furniture**, and **Textile Mills**.

## TRADE, TRANSPORTATION & UTILITIES +2,700 (+0.5%) OTM; +4,700 (+0.8%) OTY

592,300

Seasonal hiring led to employment gains within **Trade**, **Transportation & Utilities**. **Wholesale** and **Retail Trade** led the way with the largest buildup when seasonally adjusted, while other components held steady or suffered minimal losses for November.

Without seasonal adjustments, **Wholesale Trade** added 2,100 (+1.7%) jobs in the past year with 1,900 (+2.5%) of those coming from **Merchant Wholesalers**. **Retail Trade** seasonal buildup reflected an increase of 3,000 (+0.9%) wage earners. Small offsetting changes among the remaining industries have left employment little changed over the year.

INFORMATION +0 (+0.0%) OTM; +500 (+1.2%) OTY 41,100

Over the month when seasonally adjusted, **Information** has remained stable but still shows a slight upward trend for the year. **Newspaper**, **Periodical**, **Book & Directory Publishers** and **Telecommunications** both experienced a small non-seasonally adjusted increase for the month, but only **Newspaper**, **Periodical**, **Book & Directory Publishers** is ahead of last year's employment.

Nationally, **Information** continues slowly decreasing it's jobs and shows no growth.

#### **FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES**

141,800

-200 (-0.1%) OTM; +2,200 (+1.6%) OTY

Employment in **Financial Activities**, seasonally adjusted, dropped slightly in November after holding steady for the past couple of months.

Year-ago employment in **Real Estate**, **Rental & Leasing** added 1,000 jobs. **Finance & Insurance** displayed an increase of 1,200, with **Credit Intermediation** employment accounting for 400.

## PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES +800 (+0.3%) OTM; +2,400 (+0.9%) OTY

279.000

A gain of 800 employees for November, after seasonal adjustment, represents sustained growth in every month of 2006. November's total employment of 279,000 is 5,500 jobs more when compared to January of 2006.

Since November 2005 the **Professional & Business** industry has experienced a gain of 2,400 jobs. **Administrative & Support Services** contributed to most of the job increases.

## EDUCATION, HEALTH & SOCIAL SERVICES +0 (+0.0%) OTM; +2,000 (+0.5%) OTY

383,000

The **Education, Health & Social Services** sector was unchanged since October when seasonally adjusted.

Over the year, a gain of 2,000 employees occurred in this industry. Education revealed a gain of 1,200 jobs while **Health Care & Social Services** added 800.

## LEISURE & HOSPITALITY SERVICES -500 (-0.2%) OTM; +1,300 (+0.5%) OTY

281,800

Total employment of 281,800 for the **Leisure & Hospitality Services** sector represents a minor loss of 500 jobs for November when seasonally adjusted. Employment in this sector has remained relatively flat over the last 6 months.

Since last year 1,300 jobs have been added to the sector. A new casino opening with approximately 1,000 additional jobs along with gains in **Food Services & Drinking Places** helped boost over-the-year employment.

OTHER SERVICES -300 (-0.3%) OTM; +1,300 (+1.2%) OTY 112,300

Although the sector experienced a small monthly dip, **OTHER SERVICES** continues to exceed the number of jobs for the same period last year. **Repair & Maintenance** absorbed most of the job loss but exceeds the number of positions in previous years, returning to levels near 2002.

**Other Services** also experienced a slight decline nationally after three months of above-average gains.

GOVERNMENT -500 (-0.1%) OTM; -100 (-0.0%) OTY 429,400

Government employment inched downward over the month with the loss of 500 jobs. Both **State** and **Local Government** shared in the loss while **Federal Government** was little changed. Employment is unchanged when compared to one year ago as a loss of 500 in **State Government** was offset by an equivalent gain in **Local Government**. National **Government** job growth totaled 242,000 jobs (+1.1%) over the year.

## Nonagricultural Establishment Employment in Indiana Statewide

(Not Seasonally Adjusted) November, 2006

#### NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENT EMPLOYMENT IN INDIANA November, 2006

INDIANA STATEWIDE	Emplo	oyment	Avg. V Earn	-	Avg. W Hou	-	Avg. H Earni	-
	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06
INDUSTRY TITLE								
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted								
Total Nonfarm	3,017.3	3,014.8						
Total Private	2,573.9	2,570.9						
Goods Producing	730.4	734.5						
Service-Providing	2,286.9	2,280.3						
Private Service-Providing	1,843.5	1,836.4						
Natural Resources & Mining	6.9	7.0						
Construction	155.2	156.9	\$846.50	\$863.48	38.6	39.7	\$21.93	\$21.75
Construction of Buildings	41.7	41.8						
Heavy & Civil Engineering Construction	18.7	19.2						
Specialty Trade Construction	94.8	95.9						
Manufacturing	568.3	570.6	\$775.06	\$773.96	40.9	41.3	\$18.95	\$18.74
Durable Goods	414.6	416.7	\$807.37	\$804.22	40.9	41.2	\$19.74	\$19.52
Primary Metal Manufacturing	46.2	46.5						
Iron & Steel Mills	18.5	18.5						
Foundries	12.9	13.1						
Fabricated Metal Products	59.6	60.2	\$633.42	\$622.66	41.7	41.4	\$15.19	\$15.04
Machinery Manufacturing	47.1	46.8	\$853.22	\$839.02	45.7	45.5	\$18.67	\$18.44
Engine, Turbine & Power Trans. Equip.	11.9	11.6						
Computer & Electronic Products Mfg.	20.6	20.5						
Semiconductor & Other Electronic Comp	5.2	5.1						
Electrical Equipment	11.5	11.6						
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	135.9	136.5	\$991.12	\$986.21	41.4	42.2	\$23.94	\$23.37
Motor Vehicle Manufacturing	13.2	13.1						
Motor Vehicle Body & Trailer Manufacturing	38.7	39.2						
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	70.6	70.6	\$979.10	\$1,019.87	43.4	44.4	\$22.56	\$22.97
Aerospace Product & Parts Mfg	6.9	6.9						
Furniture & Related Product Mfg	27.4	27.3						
Office Furniture	9.2	9.1						
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	30.3	30.6						
Medical Equipment & Supplies Mfg	17.7	17.8						
Non-Durable Goods	153.7	153.9	\$690.39	\$693.89	40.9	41.6	\$16.88	\$16.68
Food Manufacturing	33.2	33.3						
Chemical Manufacturing	32.1	32.2						
Plastics Product Manufacturing	35.6	35.7	\$511.76	\$505.55	37.3	37.2	\$13.72	\$13.59
Rubber Product Mfg	7.8	7.8						
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	600.2	589.4						
Wholesale Trade	123.6	123.5						
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	78.0	78.1						
Merchant Wholesalers, Non-Durable Goods	39.5	39.3						
Retail Trade	343.5	332.9	\$336.23	\$338.63	31.9	31.5	\$10.54	\$10.75
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	43.0	43.2						
Automobile Dealers	27.9	27.8						
Building Material & Garden Equip & Supply	30.9	31.4						
Food & Beverage Stores	51.4	51.2	\$221.59	\$231.47	26.1	27.2	\$8.49	\$8.51
Grocery Stores	42.6	42.1						
Health & Personal Care Stores	21.0	20.7						
General Merchandise Stores	80.4	76.3						
Department Stores	31.6	28.9						
Other General Merchandise Stores	48.8	47.4						
Electronic Shopping & Mail Order Houses	3.7	3.7						

## Nonagricultural Establishment Employment in Indiana Statewide (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

November, 2006

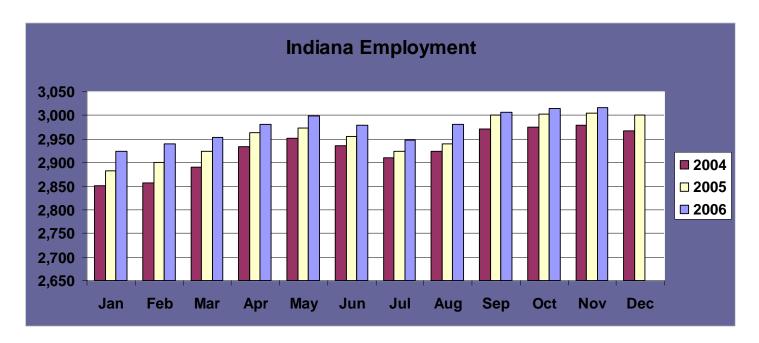
#### NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENT EMPLOYMENT IN INDIANA

November, 2006

INDIANA STATEWIDE	Emplo	yment	Avg. W Earni	-	Avg. Weel	kly Hours	Avg. H	-
	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06
INDUSTRY TITLE								
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted								
• • •								
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	133.1	133.0						
Utilities Electric Power Gen, Transmission & Distrib	15.0 10.7	15.0 10.7						
Transportation & Warehousing	118.1	118.0						
Truck Transportation	52.1	52.2						
General Freight Trucking	40.2	40.1	\$663.20	\$698.73	40.0	40.6	\$16.58	\$17.21
Warehousing & Storage	23.1	22.9						
Information	41.1	41.0						
Newspaper,Periodical,Book & Directory Publ. Telecommunications	13.3 14.9	13.2 14.8						
Wired Telecommunications Carriers	8.7	8.7						
Financial Activities	141.7	141.7	\$475.14	\$475.14	35.3	35.3	\$13.46	\$13.46
Finance and Insurance	103.6	103.4	ψποπ	ψσ	00.0	00.0	ψ.σσ	ψ10110
Credit Intermediation & Related Activities	51.7	51.7						
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities	43.6	43.6						
Insurance Carriers	26.5	26.5						
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	38.1	38.3						
Real Estate	24.3	24.2						
Professional & Business Services	281.2	281.8						
Professional, Scientific & Technical Services	91.5	91.0						
Management of Companies & Enterprises Admin. & Support & Waste Mgmt & Remediation	26.3 163.4	26.2 164.6						
Administrative & Support Services	161.4	162.4						
Employment Services	88.5	89.0						
Educational & Health Services	388.3	388.1						
Educational Services	70.5	70.4						
Colleges, Universitites & Professional Schs	38.2	38.1						
Health Care & Social Assistance	317.8	317.7	\$583.66	\$583.75	33.2	33.3	\$17.58	\$17.53
Offices of Physicians	47.3	47.1						
Medical & Diagnostic Laboratories	4.9	4.9						
Hospitals	103.0 67.0	102.9 66.8						
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities Social Assistance	41.8	41.7						
Leisure & Hospitality	279.3	282.3						
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	44.3	46.5						
Amusement, Gambling & Recreation Indust	35.4	36.3						
Gambling Industries	15.6	15.7						
Accommodation & Food Services	235.0	235.8	\$184.55	\$184.57	22.7	22.9	\$8.13	\$8.06
Food Services & Drinking Places	214.5	215.1	\$174.83	\$176.61	22.5	22.7	\$7.77	\$7.78
Full-Service Restaurants	97.6	97.0						
Limited-Service Eating Places	98.9	99.3						
Other Services	111.7	112.1						
Repair & Maintenance Personal & Laundry Service	26.9 27.1	27.2 27.1						
Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Profess Orgs.	57.7	57.8						
Government	443.4	443.9						
Federal Government	36.5	36.4						
Department of Defense	7.6	7.6						
US Postal Service	15.3	15.3						
State Government	119.1	119.3						
State Govt. Educational Services	81.3	81.2						
Local Government	287.8	288.2						
Local Govt. Educational Services	160.9	160.9						
Hospitals	28.2	28.2						

## **Indiana Non-Farm Employment Graph**

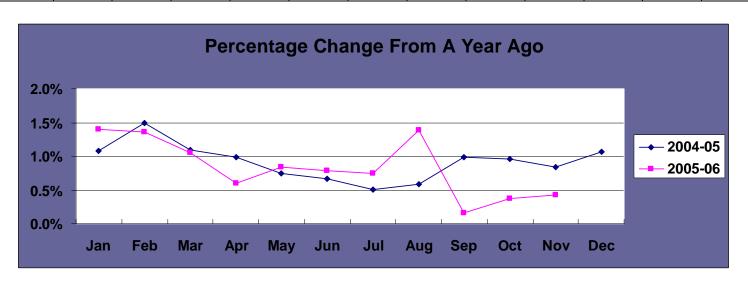
November, 2006



Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2004	2,851.2	2,857.3	2,891.0	2,934.1	2,951.5	2,935.8	2,910.0	2,923.1	2,971.4	2,974.5	2,979.0	2,967.9
2005	2,882.2	2,900.6	2,923.1	2,963.4	2,973.9	2,955.4	2,924.7	2,940.4	3,001.0	3,003.4	3,004.3	2,999.9
2006	2,923.3	2,940.4	2,954.2	2,981.2	2,998.9	2,978.8	2,946.6	2,981.8	3,005.9	3,014.8	3,017.3	

Percent Change from a Year Ago

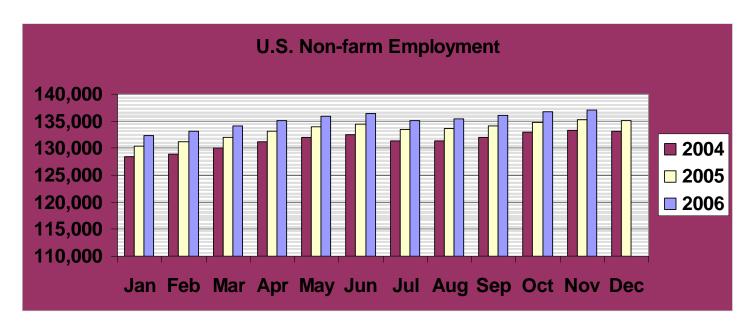
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2004-05	1.1%	1.5%	1.1%	1.0%	0.8%	0.7%	0.5%	0.6%	1.0%	1.0%	0.8%	1.1%
2005-06	1.4%	1.4%	1.1%	0.6%	0.8%	0.8%	0.7%	1.4%	0.2%	0.4%	0.4%	



#### **EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

### **United States Non-Farm Employment Graph**

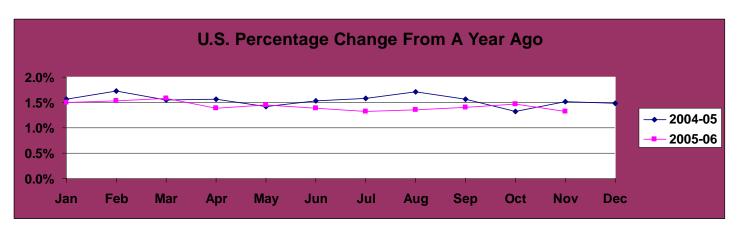
November, 2006



Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2004	128,365	128,976	130,019	131,139	132,047	132,496	131,334	131,352	132,069	133,049	133,302	133,075
2005	130,368	131,195	132,038	133,181	133,924	134,531	133,413	133,594	134,137	134,817	135,316	135,041
2006	132,328	133,196	134,116	135,030	135,865	136,406	135,174	135,398	136,026	136,785	137,103	

#### Percent Change from a Year Ago

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2004-05	1.6%	1.7%	1.6%	1.6%	1.4%	1.5%	1.6%	1.7%	1.6%	1.3%	1.5%	1.5%
2005-06	1.5%	1.5%	1.6%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.3%	1.4%	1.4%	1.5%	1.3%	



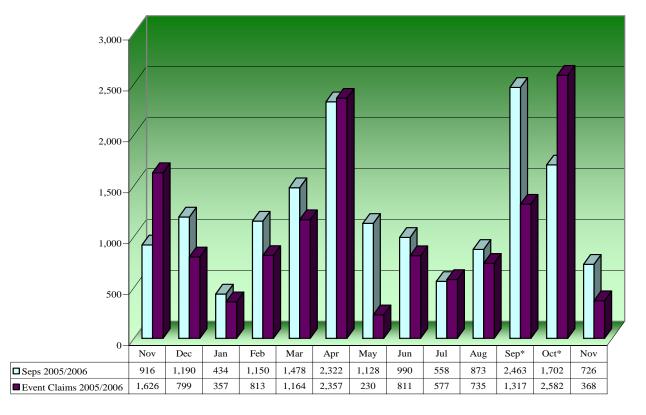
**EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED.** 

### **Mass Layoff Statistics Graph**

November, 2006

### Employers with Mass Layoffs \*\*

Initial Claims and Separations November, 2005, to November, 2006 \*



Initial claims for the covered period are:

2005-2006	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov
Initial Claims	27,084	49,009	46,263	25,440	21,593	25,571	24,158	24,573	43,768	21,395	23,450	27,095	29,977

The Mass Layoff Statistics Program is a State-Federal cooperative statistical program designed to identify, describe, and track large job cutbacks. The program relies on establishment and unemployment claims data from State Unemployment Insurance (UI) systems, as well as, information from employer interviews. Establishments that have 50 or more (20 or more for state events) initial UI claims filed against them within a five-week period are identified as having potential mass layoffs. Once identified, employers are interviewed by phone or sent a survey form to determine the size and duration of the layoffs. Mass layoffs are defined as separations lasting more than 30 days.

The following are the common causes for the difference between claims and separations:

Separations greater than Claims: No claim filed because of early retirement/separation packages, previously obtained employment, simultaneous employment, or individual left the workforce.

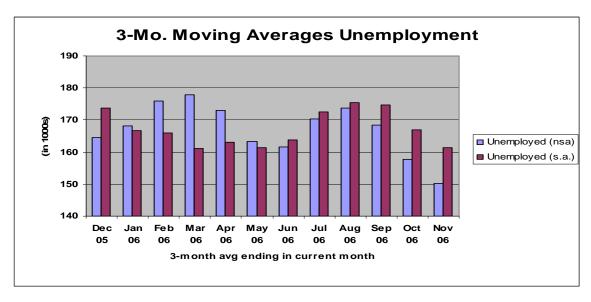
Claims greater than Separations: Larger number of people separated than initially determined by employer and/or people who will be recalled in less than 30 days included in claims. Also, discharges and voluntary quits are included in the claim count.

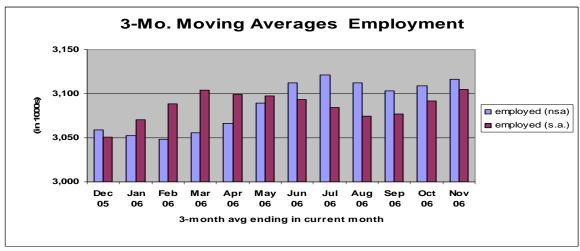
NOTE: November, 2005, claims include a significant number of routine large employer 1-2 week holiday plant shut-down claims.

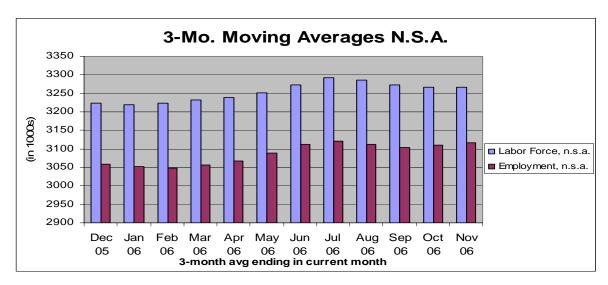
- \* Preliminary numbers for November, 2006
- \*\* Seasonal layoffs not included

### **Local Area Unemployment Statistics Graph**

Labor Force Estimates -- 3-Month Moving Averages (Seasonally-Adjusted and Non-Seasonally-Adjusted)







Vigo Co.

#### **Indiana Metropolitan Areas and Counties Map Bloomington MSA** Greene Co. South Bend-Mishawaka IN MSA Monroe Co Also Includes Owen Co. Cass Co. MI Columbus MSA STEUBEN LAGRANGE ELKHART ST JOSEPH Bartholomew Co. LAPORTE South Bend Elkhart Michigan City Mishawaka, I PORTER LAKE Elkhart-Goshen MSA Goshen La Porte NOBLE MSA DEKALB Elkhart Co. MSA MSA Gary MARSHALL KOSCIUSKO **Evansville IN-KY MSA** Metropolitan Div Gibson Co. WHITLEY Of Chicago. ALLEN STARKE Posey Co. Fbrt Wayne Vanderburgh Co. PULASKI **FULTON** NEMTON Warrick Co. MSA Henderson Co. KY MIAMI HUNTINGTON WABASH Webster Co. KY ADAMS WELLS CASS WHITE **Fort Wayne MSA** Allen Co. BENTON Wells Co. CARROLL GRANT Whitley Co. выския ЈДУ HOWARD TIPPECANOE Lafavettel WARREN Kokomo **Gary Metropolitan** Div of Chicago CSA **MSA** CLINTON **MSA** MADISON DELAWARE Jasper Co. RANDOLPH Muncie TIPTON Lake Co. HAMILTON MONTGOMERY BOONE MSA Newton Co. Anderson Porter Co. HENRY MSA FOUNTAIN WAYNE Indianapolis-Carmel IN MSA VERMILLION MARION Boone Co. PARKE HENDRICKS MICHAEL Indianapolis-Carmel Brown Co. PUTNAM HANCOCK RUSH Hamilton Co. UNION IN MSA Hancock Co. SHELBY Hendricks Co. JOHNSON FAYETTE MORGAN VIGO Johnson Co. Marion Co. OWEN DECATUR Terre Haute FRANKLIN Morgan Co. Putnam Co. BARTHOLO MEW MONROE MSA DEARBORN Shelby Co. Columbus SULLIVAN Bloomington BROWN RIPLEY MSA Kokomo MSA MSA **JENNINGS** Howard Co. JACKSON GREENE Tipton Co. бню LAWRENCE SWITZERLAND KNOX MARTIN JEFFERSON Lafayette MSA DAVIESS Benton Co. Carroll Co. WASHINGTON SCOTT Tippecanoe Co. ORANGE CLARK Michigan City-LaPorte MSA PIKE DUBOIS LaPorte Co. FLOYD CRAWFORD Evansville IN-KY **Muncie MSA** Delaware Co. PERRY HARRISON SPENCER South Bend-Mishawaka IN/MI MSA St. Joseph Co. Cass Co. MI **Terre Haute MSA** Evansville IN-KY Clay Co. MSA Also Includes Sullivan Co Henderson Co. KY Vermillion Co. Webster Co. KY

# MSA Highlights November, 2006

# Over-the-Month Change (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

Anderson	-600	The Manufacturing sector along with Leisure & Hospitality accounted for the over the month decreases.
Bloomington	+0	The few gains were offset by similar losses.
Columbus	+200	With Retail Trade seasonal build up and Manufacturing adding a minimal number of jobs the employment increase was slight.
Elkhart-Goshen	-200	Employment fell in this MSA due to the release of extra workers in the Motor Vehicle Body & Trailer Industry.
Evansville	-100	Small, offsetting movement among the sectors left employment unchanged.
Fort Wayne	+100	Improvement in Retail Trade counterbalanced the small losses in other areas.
Gary	+600	Gains in Retail Trade more the offset the losses in Leisure & Hospitality
Indianapolis-Carmel	+700	Gains in Retail Trade offset the decreases in Leisure & Hospitality
Kokomo	+100	No significant change
Lafayette	+300	Employing additional workers to augment regular employees in Retail Trade caused the boost.
Michigan City-LaPorte	+0	Area remains stable.
Muncie	+400	Retail Trade accounted for a majority of the increase due to hiring for the holiday season.
South Bend-Mishawaka	+300	Retail Trade hiring of seasonal workers gave a boost to employment in this MSA.
Terre Haute	+200	Only a small increase in employment was reflected due to seasonal jobs in the Retail industries.

## **MSA Hours and Earnings**

November, 2006

Elkhart - Goshen MSA	<u>Avg. W</u> <u>Earn</u>		Avg. Wee	kly Hours	Avg. Hourly Earnings		
	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06	
Manufacturing Durable Goods	\$611.12 \$662.58	\$612.65 \$662.58	40.1 40.5	40.2 40.5	\$15.24 \$16.36	\$15.24 \$16.36	

Evansville, IN - KY MSA	<u>Avg. W</u> <u>Earn</u>		Avg. Wee	kly Hours	Avg. Hourly Earnings		
	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06	
Manufacturing	\$928.51	\$919.91	41.6	41.4	\$22.32	\$22.22	
Retail Trade	\$373.63	\$366.12	33.3	32.4	\$11.22	\$11.30	

Fort Wayne MSA	<u>Avg. W</u> Earn		Avg. Wee	kly Hours	Avg. Hourly	<b>Earnings</b>
-	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06
Manufacturing	\$748.12	\$731.64	42.1	42.0	\$17.77	\$17.42
Retail Trade	\$311.66	\$321.43	29.1	29.9	\$10.71	\$10.75

Gary Metropolitan Div (of	<u>Avg. W</u> <u>Earn</u>		Avg. Wee	kly Hours	Avg. Hourly	Earnings
Chicago CSA)	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06
Manufacturing Retail Trade	\$947.84 \$309.60	\$938.73 \$309.24	41.7 31.4	41.5 31.3	\$22.73 \$9.86	\$22.62 \$9.88

Indianapolis-Carmel, IN	<u>Avg. W</u> <u>Earn</u>		Avg. Wee	kly Hours	Avg. Hourly	<b>Earnings</b>
MSA	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06	11-06	10-06
Manufacturing Durable Goods	\$856.11 \$944.38	\$856.11 \$944.38	41.1 43.4	41.1 43.4	\$20.83 \$21.76	\$20.83 \$21.76
Nondurable Goods	\$720.79	\$721.17	37.6	37.6	\$19.17	\$19.18
Retail Trade	\$363.56	\$363.56	31.1	31.1	\$11.69	\$11.69

### **ANDERSON MSA**

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employment	
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nonfarm	44.4	45.0
Total Private	37.5	38.1
Goods Producing	8.4	8.8
Service-Providing	36.0	36.2
Private Service-Providing	29.1	29.3
Natural Resources & Construction	1.8	1.8
Manufacturing	6.6	7.0
Durable Good Manufacturing	4.5	4.5
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	3.0	3.0
Trans, Warehousing & Utilities	8.6	8.5
Wholesale Trade	1.4	1.4
Retail Trade	5.5	5.4
Transp, Warehousing & Utilities	1.7	1.7
Information	0.6	0.6
Financial Activities	1.8	1.8
Professional & Business Services	3.0	3.1
Educational & Health Services	8.1	8.1
Leisure & Hospitatility Services	5.1	5.3
Other Services	1.9	1.9
Government	6.9	6.9
Federal Government	0.3	0.3
State Government	1.5	1.5
Local Government	5.1	5.1
Local Government Education	2.7	2.7

Made in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

November, 2006

## **BLOOMINGTON MSA**

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employment	
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nonfarm	84.4	84.4
Total Private	57.9	57.7
Goods Producing	13.4	13.5
Service-Providing	71.0	70.9
Private Service-Providing	44.5	44.2
Natural Resources & Construction	4.3	4.4
Manufacturing	9.1	9.1
Durable Goods Manufacturing	6.7	6.7
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	13.0	12.6
Wholesale Trade	2.1	2.1
Retail Trade	9.4	9.0
Trans,Warehousing & Utilities	1.5	1.5
Information	1.2	1.2
Financial Activities	2.9	2.9
Professional & Business Services	6.6	6.7
Educational & Health Services	9.9	9.9
Leisure & Hospitality	8.0	8.0
Other Services	2.9	2.9
Government	26.5	26.7
Federal Government	0.6	0.6
State Government	19.2	19.5
Local Government	6.7	6.6
Local Government Education	3.7	3.6

Made in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

November, 2006

### **COLUMBUS MSA**

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employr	nent
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nonfarm	44.2	44.0
Total Private	38.0	37.8
Goods Producing	17.2	17.0
Service-Providing	27.0	27.0
Private Service-Providing	20.8	20.8
Natural Resources & Construction	1.6	1.6
Manufacturing	15.6	15.4
Durable Goods Manufacturing	13.2	13.3
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	7.1	7.0
Wholesale Trade	1.0	1.0
Retail Trade	4.5	4.4
Trans,Warehousing & Utilities	1.6	1.6
Information	0.5	0.5
Financial Activities	1.7	1.7
Professional & Business Services	3.8	3.9
Educational & Health Services	3.6	3.5
Leisure & Hospitality	2.9	3.0
Other Services	1.2	1.2
Government	6.2	6.2
Federal Government	0.2	0.2
State Government	0.9	0.9
Local Government	5.1	5.1

Made in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

## **ELKHART-GOSHEN MSA**

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employment	
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nonfarm	131.9	132.1
Total Private	123.0	123.3
Goods Producing	69.4	69.6
Service Producing	62.5	62.5
Private Service-Providing	53.6	53.7
Natural Resources & Construction	5.1	5.1
Manufacturing	64.3	64.5
Durable Goods	55.1	55.4
Transportation Equipment	32.1	32.1
Motor Vehicle Body & Trailer Mfg.	25.7	25.9
Furniture & Related Products	4.4	4.4
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	19.3	19.1
Wholesale Trade	6.8	6.8
Retail Trade	10.0	9.8
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	2.5	2.5
Information	8.0	0.8
Financial Activities	3.1	3.1
Professional & Business Services	8.8	8.9
Educational & Health Services	10.6	10.6
Leisure & Hospitality	7.2	7.3
Food Services & Drinking Places	6.3	6.3
Other Services	3.8	3.9
Government	8.9	8.8
Federal Government	0.3	0.3
State Government	0.3	0.3
Local Government	8.3	8.2
Local Government Education	5.6	5.5

## **EVANSVILLE, IN-KY MSA**

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employment	
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nonfarm	181.2	181.3
Total Private	162.7	162.6
Goods Producing	47.6	47.8
Service-Providing	133.6	133.5
Private Service-Providing	115.1	114.8
Natural Resources & Mining	13.0	13.5
Manufacturing	34.6	34.3
Durable Goods	19.4	19.4
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	37.6	37.5
Wholesale Trade	7.6	7.7
Retail Trade	20.5	20.2
General Merchandise Stores	4.6	4.2
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	9.5	9.6
Transportation & Warehousing	7.2	7.3
Information	2.9	2.9
Financial Activities	6.1	6.1
Professional & Business Services	18.1	17.9
Educational & Health Services	26.4	26.4
Health Care & Social Assistance	23.1	23.1
Hospitals	9.2	9.2
Leisure & Hospitality	16.7	16.7
Food Services & Drinking Places	13.2	13.1
Other Services	7.3	7.3
Government	18.5	18.7
Federal Government	1.4	1.4
State Government	4.0	4.0
Local Government	13.1	13.3
Local Government Education	7.6	7.6

## FORT WAYNE MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employment	
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nov Comm	040.0	040.4
Total Nonfarm	219.2	219.1
Total Private	196.2	196.2
Goods Producing	49.3	49.5
Service-Providing	169.9	169.6
Private Service-Providing	146.9	146.7
Natural Resources & Construction	12.4	12.5
Manufacturing	36.9	37.0
Durable Goods	28.1	28.2
Computer & Electronics Product Mfg	4.2	4.2
Transportation Equipment	6.4	6.4
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	47.8	47.4
Wholesale Trade	13.2	13.2
Retail Trade	23.7	23.3
Transportation , Warehousing & Utilities	10.9	10.9
Information	3.6	3.6
Financial Activities	11.8	11.8
Professional & Business Services	21.4	21.4
Educational & Health Services	34.0	34.0
Leisure & Hospitality	20.2	20.3
Food Services & Drinking Places	16.7	16.8
Other Services	8.1	8.2
Government	23.0	22.9
Federal Government	2.2	2.2
State Government	4.6	4.6
Local Government	16.2	16.1
Local Government Education	9.8	9.8

November, 2006

## GARY, IN METROPOLITAN DIVISION (of Chicago CSA)

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employment	
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nonfarm	282.4	281.8
Total Private	240.9	240.4
Goods Producing	57.6	57.7
Service-Providing	224.8	224.1
Private Service-Providing	183.3	182.7
Natural Resources & Mining	0.5	0.5
Construction	20.0	19.9
Manufacturing	37.1	37.3
Durable Goods	29.3	29.5
Primary Metal Manufacturing	18.1	18.2
Iron & Steel Mills & Ferroalloy Mfg	16.5	16.6
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	62.2	61.0
Wholesale Trade	10.5	10.5
Retail Trade	36.9	35.7
General Merchandise Stores	7.6	7.2
Other General Merchandise Stores	3.7	3.5
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	14.8	14.8
Information	2.3	2.3
Financial Activities	9.9	9.9
Professional & Business Services	23.5	23.7
Administrative & Support Services	12.4	12.5
Employment Services	5.2	5.4
Educational & Health Services	42.0	42.0
Educational Services	7.1	7.0
Health Care & Social Assistance	35.1	34.9
General Medical & Surgical Hospitals	11.2	11.2
Leisure & Hospitality	30.6	31.0
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation Serv	8.5	8.7
Food Services & Drinking Places	20.8	20.9
Other Services	12.8	12.8
Government	41.5	41.4
Federal Government	2.1	2.1
State Government	4.5	4.4
Local Government	34.9	34.9
Local Government Education	18.9	18.8

## INDIANAPOLIS-CARMEL, IN MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employment	
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nonfarm	902.8	902.1
Total Private	785.9	784.9
Goods Producing	152.1	152.9
Service-Providing	750.7	749.2
Private Service-Providing	633.8	632.0
Natural Resources & Construction	53.9 51.7	54.4 52.3
Construction  Specialty Trade Contractors	31.7 34.4	34.8
Specialty Trade Contractors	98.2	98.5
Manufacturing Durable Goods Manufacturing	60.5	60.7
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	17.6	17.6
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	10.8	10.8
Non-Durable Goods	37.7	37.8
Chemical Manufacturing	16.5	16.5
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	198.1	195.7
Wholesale Trade	46.2	46.1
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	30.5	30.5
Retail Trade	100.4	98.2
Health & Personal Care Stores	6.3	6.1
General Merchandise Stores	23.4	22.0
Department Stores	9.3	8.4
Other General Merchandise Stores	14.1	13.6
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	51.5	51.4
Transportation & Warehousing	46.8	46.7
Information	16.0	15.9
Telecommunications	6.4	6.4
Wired Telecommunications	4.4	4.3
Financial Activities	64.7	64.7
Finance & Insurance	46.8	46.7
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities	24.6	24.6
Insurance Carriers	17.4	17.4
Professional & Business Services	121.9	121.7
Professional, Scientific & Technical Services	41.5	41.7
Management of Companies & Enterprises	11.3	11.3
Administrative & Support Services	69.1 37.2	68.7 37.0
Employment Services Educational & Health Services	37.2 110.1	110.0
Health Care & Social Assistance	89.9	89.8
Ambulatory Health Care Services	33.0	32.9
Hospitals	31.1	31.1
Leisure & Hospitality Services	87.7	88.7
Accomodation & Food Services	74.2	74.5
Food Services & Drinking Places	67.3	67.5
Full-Service Restaurants	30.6	30.5
Limited-Service Eating Places	31.1	31.2
Other Services	35.3	35.3
Government	116.9	117.2
Federal Government	13.9	13.9
State Government	29.1	29.2
Local Government	73.9	74.1
Local Government Education	40.5	40.6

## KOKOMO MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employr	nent
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nonfarm	47.8	47.7
Total Private	40.1	40.0
Goods Producing	17.0	17.1
Service-Providing	30.8	30.6
Private Service-Providing	23.1	22.9
Natural Resources & Construction	1.4	1.4
Manufacturing	15.6	15.7
Durable Goods	14.7	14.8
Transportation Equipment Mfg.	12.5	12.6
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	8.0	7.8
Wholesale Trade	1.1	1.1
Retail Trade	6.1	5.9
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	0.8	0.8
Information	0.3	0.3
Financial Activities	1.5	1.5
Professional & Business Services	3.2	3.2
Educational & Health Services	3.6	3.6
Leisure & Hospitality Services	4.1	4.1
Other Services	2.4	2.4
Government	7.7	7.7
Local Government	6.6	6.6
Local Government Educational Services	2.9	2.9

## LAFAYETTE MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employment	
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nonfarm	95.2	94.9
Total Private	66.6	66.5
Goods Producing	20.9	21.0
Service-Providing	74.3	73.9
Private Service-Providing	45.7	45.5
Natural Resources & Construction	3.7	3.8
Manufacturing	17.2	17.2
Durable Goods	12.9	13.0
Non-Durable Goods	4.3	4.2
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	14.6	14.2
Wholesale Trade	2.0	2.0
Retail Trade	10.5	10.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	2.1	2.1
Information	1.0	1.0
Financial Activities	3.6	3.6
Professional & Business Services	5.3	5.4
Educational & Health Services	9.5	9.5
Leisure & Hospitality	8.8	8.8
Accomodation & Food	8.1	8.1
Other Services	2.9	3.0
Government	28.6	28.4
Federal Government	0.7	0.7
State Government	21.0	20.8
Local Government	6.9	6.9
Local Government Education	4.4	4.4

## MICHIGAN CITY-LA PORTE MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employment	
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nonfarm	48.5	48.5
Total Private	40.6	40.5
Goods Producing	12.0	12.0
Service-Providing	36.5	36.5
Private Service-Providing	28.6	28.5
Natural Resources & Construction	2.4	2.4
Manufacturing	9.6	9.6
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	9.4	9.2
Wholesale Trade	1.3	1.3
Retail Trade	6.2	6.0
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	1.9	1.9
Information	0.7	0.7
Financial Activities	1.3	1.3
Professional & Business Services	2.9	2.9
Educational & Health Services	6.9	6.9
Leisure & Hospitality Services	5.6	5.7
Other Services	1.8	1.8
Government	7.9	8.0
Federal Government	0.2	0.2
State Government	2.8	2.9
Local Government	4.9	4.9
Local Government Education	2.9	2.9

## MUNCIE MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employr	Employment	
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06	
Total Nonfarm	53.3	52.9	
Total Private	40.4	40.1	
Goods Producing	8.3	8.4	
Service-Providing	45.0	44.5	
Private Service-Providing	32.1	31.7	
Natural Resources & Construction	2.2	2.3	
Manufacturing	6.1	6.1	
Durable Goods Manufacturing	5.5	5.4	
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	9.3	8.9	
Wholesale Trade	1.3	1.3	
Retail Trade	6.8	6.4	
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	1.2	1.2	
Information	0.4	0.4	
Financial Activities	2.0	2.0	
Professional & Business Services	4.0	4.1	
Educational & Health Services	9.1	9.0	
Health Care & Social Assistance	8.9	8.9	
Leisure & Hospitality Services	5.4	5.4	
Other Services	1.9	1.9	
Government	12.9	12.8	
State Government	8.3	8.2	
Local Government Education	4.2	4.2	
Local Government	2.6	2.6	

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## SOUTH BEND-MISHAWAKA, IN-MI MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employment Employment	
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nonfarm	148.5	148.2
Total Private	131.7	131.4
Goods Producing	27.7	27.9
Service-Providing	120.8	120.3
Private Service-Providing	104.0	103.5
Natural Resources & Construction	6.3	6.4
Manufacturing	21.4	21.5
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	5.7	5.7
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	29.2	28.5
Wholesale Trade	7.9	7.8
Retail Trade	16.8	16.2
General Merchandise Stores	4.2	3.8
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	4.5	4.5
Information	2.1	2.1
Financial Activities	7.1	7.1
Professional & Business Services	14.3	14.4
Educational & Health Services	32.4	32.4
Hospitals	6.2	6.2
Leisure & Hospitality Services	13.2	13.3
Food Services & Drinking Places	10.6	10.6
Other Services	5.7	5.7
Government	16.8	16.8
Federal Government	1.2	1.2
State Government	2.6	2.6
Local Government	13.0	13.0

## TERRE HAUTE MSA

INDUSTRY TITLE	Employment	
In thousands, not seasonally adjusted	11-06	10-06
Total Nonfarm	75.8	75.6
Total Private	62.2	62.1
Goods Producing	16.0	16.1
Service-Providing	59.8	59.5
Private Service-Providing	46.2	46.0
Natural Resources & Construction	3.5	3.5
Manufacturing	12.5	12.6
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	15.1	14.7
Wholesale Trade	1.7	1.7
Retail Trade	10.4	10.0
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	3.0	3.0
Information	0.8	0.8
Financial Activities	2.7	2.7
Professional & Business Services	5.1	5.2
Educational & Health Services	12.5	12.5
Leisure & Hospitality Services	7.1	7.2
Other Services	2.9	2.9
Government	13.6	13.5
Federal Government	1.5	1.5
State Government	4.9	4.8
Local Government	7.2	7.2
Local Government Education	4.0	4.0

### **About Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas**

The United States Office of Management and Budget (OMB) defines metropolitan and Micropolitan statistical areas according to published standards that are applied to Census Bureau data. The general concept of a metropolitan or micropolitan statistical area is that of a core area containing a substantial population nucleus, together with adjacent communities having a high degree of economic and social integration with that core. Currently defined metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas are based on application of 2000 standards (which appeared in the *Federal Register* on December 27, 2000) to 2000 decennial census data. Current metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area definitions were announced by OMB effective June 6, 2003.

Standard definitions of metropolitan areas were first issued in 1949 by the then Bureau of the Budget (predecessor of OMB), under the designation "standard metropolitan area" (SMA). The term was changed to "standard metropolitan statistical area" (SMSA) in 1959, and to "metropolitan statistical area" (MSA) in 1983. The term "metropolitan area" (MSA) was adopted in 1990 and referred collectively to metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs), consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSAs), and primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSAs). The term "core based statistical area" (CBSA) became effective in 2000 and refers collectively to metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. OMB has been responsible for the official metropolitan areas since they were first defined, except for the period 1977 to 1981, when they were the responsibility of the Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, Department of Commerce. The standards for defining metropolitan areas were modified in 1958, 1971, 1975, 1980, 1990, and 2000.

#### **Defining Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas**

The 2000 standards provide that each CBSA must contain at least one urban area of 10,000 or more population. Each metropolitan statistical area must have at least one urbanized area of 50,000 or more inhabitants. Each micropolitan statistical area must have at least one urban cluster of at least 10,000 but less than 50,000 population.

Under the standards, the county (or counties) in which at least 50 percent of the population resides within urban areas of 10,000 or more population, or that contain at least 5,000 people residing within a single urban area of 10,000 or more population, is identified as a "central county" (counties). Additional "outlying counties" are included in the CBSA if they meet specified requirements of commuting to or from the central counties. Counties or equivalent entities form the geographic "building blocks" for metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas throughout the United States and Puerto Rico.

If specified criteria are met, a metropolitan statistical area containing a single core with a population of 2.5 million or more may be subdivided to form smaller groupings of counties referred to as "metropolitan divisions."

As of June 6, 2000, there are 362 metropolitan statistical areas and 560 micropolitan statistical areas in the United States. In addition, there are 8 metropolitan statistical areas and 5 micropolitan statistical areas in Puerto Rico.

#### Principal Cities and Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Area Titles

The largest city in each metropolitan or micropolitan statistical area is designated a "principal city." Additional cities qualify if specified requirements are met concerning population size and employment. The title of each metropolitan or micropolitan statistical area consists of the names of up to three of its principal cities and the name of each state into which the metropolitan or micropolitan statistical area extends. Titles of metropolitan divisions also typically are based on principal city names but in certain cases consist of county names.

#### **Changes in Definitions over Time**

Changes in the definitions of these statistical areas since the 1950 census have consisted chiefly of:

- the recognition of new areas as they reached the minimum required city or urbanized area population, and
- the addition of counties (or cities and towns in New England) to existing areas as new decennial census data showed them to qualify.

In some instances, formerly separate areas have been merged, components of an area have been transferred from one area to another, or components have been dropped from an area. The large majority of changes have taken place on the basis of decennial census data. However, Census Bureau data serve as the basis for intercensal updates in specified circumstances.

Because of these historical changes in geographic definitions, users must be cautious in comparing data for these statistical areas from different dates. For some purposes, comparisons of data for areas as defined at given dates may be appropriate; for other purposes, it may be preferable to maintain consistent area definitions. Historical metropolitan area definitions are available for 1999, 1993, 1990, 1983, 1981, 1973, 1970, 1963, 1960, and 1950.

### Department of Research & Analysis Websites, Appendix A

#### **DEPARTMENT OF RESEARCH & ANALYSIS**

#### INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

Department of Research & Analysis site with links to economic statistics, career and job sites. http://www.hoosierdata.in.gov

#### INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

DWD site with information on workforce development programs, unemployment insurance, and the Workforce Investment Act.

http://www.in.gov/dwd

#### STATE OF INDIANA

Provides links to the Governor, State agencies, legislature, with public information, http://state.in.us

#### STATS INDIANA

#### **INDIANA BUSINESS RESEARCH CENTER**

#### KELLEY SCHOOL OF BUSINESS, INDIANA UNIVERSITY

Statistical information about Indiana on a variety of economic subjects.

http://stats.indiana.edu

#### **BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS**

#### U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Statistical data relating to the U. S. economy including employment, unemployment, consumer price index, and much more.

http://stats.bls.gov

#### **BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS**

#### **U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

Economic data and analysis at the regional, national and international levels.

http://www.bea.doc.gov

#### **CENSUS BUREAU**

#### U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Information regarding the people and the economy of the United States.

http://www.census.gov

Links to Internet sites are provided for your convenience and do not constitute an endorsement.

### **Technical Notes, Appendix B**

Employment estimates for nonagricultural industries are derived from a monthly survey of over 7,700 employing establishments and include full-time and part-time wage and salaried workers who worked or received pay for the pay period including the 12th of the month. Current month estimates may be revised slightly if additional data received in the following month warrants a change and may be revised when new benchmarks are constructed annually. Industry employment is coded under the 1987 STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION system. Due to rounding, the sum of individual industry items may not equal totals.

The statewide employment, hours, and earnings estimates contain data submitted by employers representing all 92 Indiana counties. Participating employers report "all employees", "nonsupervisory workers", and gross payroll and hours data for the pay period including the 12th of the reference month. "All employees" include salaried officials of corporations; executives and their staffs; persons on paid vacation, paid sick leave, other paid leave; part time employees and trainees. Excluded from "all employees" are proprietors, pensioners, unpaid family workers, partners of unincorporated firms, persons on strike the entire pay period, persons on unpaid leave the entire pay period, armed forces personnel on active duty the entire pay period, outside contractors to the reporting unit (and the contractor's employees), domestic workers, and persons employed on farms. "Nonsupervisory workers" include every employee except those whose major responsibility is to supervise, plan, or direct the work of others. Employment estimates are calculated from the "all employees" data submitted by employers. Hours and earnings estimates are calculated from payroll and hours worked data reported for "nonsupervisory workers."

Average earnings are gross and are affected by premium pay for overtime, incentive rates, shift differentials, and changes in basic hourly rates. Figures cover production workers in manufacturing and mining industries, nonsupervisory construction workers, and nonsupervisory employees in other industry divisions. Earnings averages include premium pay for overtime, holidays, and late shift work.

The statewide hours and earnings tables do not include a summary line for "SERVICE PRODUCING". The SERVICE PRODUCING line must be excluded because hours and earnings data are not available for: railroads; airlines; holding and investing offices; private schools; museums, art galleries, zoological and botanical gardens; federal, state and local government. Data for these industries are either not collected or we are unable to generate reliable estimates due to inadequate sample. Tables of average weekly earnings, average weekly hours and average hourly earnings for the local areas do not contain estimates for "GOODS PRODUCING". The GOODS PRODUCING line, at this level of detail, lacks data for mining and construction in each of the estimating areas.

The scope of the estimates for employment, hours, and earnings produced for the eleven statistical areas is the same as the statewide scope, except the estimates for each respective area contain data only for the counties in that area. For reference to the counties in each statistical area, please refer to the map.